§ 20.135 State code numbers.

In showing the permit number on labels as provided in §20.134(b)(2)(ii), the permittee who distributes the article may substitute the appropriate number shown below for the State abbreviation. For example, permit number SDA-CONN-1234 may be shown on the labels as SDA-07-1234. The code numbers for the respective State are as follows:

01—Alabama 02—Alaska 03—Arizona 04—Arkansas	27—Montana 28—Nebraska 29—Nevada 30—New Hampshir
05—California 06—Colorado 07—Connecticut 08—Delaware 09—DC 10—Florida 11—Georgia 12—Hawaii	31—New Jersey 32—New Mexico 33—New York 34—North Carolini 35—North Dakota 36—Ohio 37—Oklahoma
13—Idaho 14—Illinois 15—Indiana 16—Iowa 17—Kansas 18—Kentucky 19—Louisiana 20—Maine 21—Maryland 22—Massachusetts 23—Michigan 24—Minnesota 25—Mississippi 26—Missouri	38—Oregon 39—Pennsylvania 40—Rhode Island 41—South Carolin. 42—South Dakota 43—Tennessee 44—Texas 45—Utah 46—Vermont 47—Virginia 48—Washington 49—West Virginia 50—Wisconsin 51—Wyoming

§20.136 Labeling regulations of other agencies.

(a) *General*. Other Federal agencies have promulgated regulations which may affect labeling of articles, as described in this section.

(b) Consumer Product Safety Commission. The Consumer Product Safety Commission has promulgated regulations to administer the Federal Hazardous Substances Act. The regulations in 16 CFR Chapter II require warning labels for products containing certain specified substances. For example, S.D.A. Formula Nos. 3-A and 30 require warning labels because they contain methyl alcohol, a hazardous substance at levels of 4% or more by weight. Manufacturers, reprocessors, rebottlers, and repackagers who convey articles containing strong chemicals should refer to 16 CFR Chapter II for warning label requirements.

(c) Federal Trade Commission. The Federal Trade Commission (F.T.C.) has promulgated regulations to administer the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act. The regulations in 16 CFR Chapter I affect packaging and labeling of "consumer commodities." The term "consumer commodities" generally means products intended for retail sale to an individual for personal or household use. The F.T.C. regulations do not apply to drugs, medical devices, or cosmetics for which the Food and Drug Administration enforces the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act (see paragraph (d) of this section). Manufacturers, reprocessors, rebottlers, and repackagers who convey articles which are "consumer commodities" should refer to 16 CFR Chapter I for packaging and labeling requirements.

(d) Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health and Human Services. The Food and Drug Administration has promulgated regualtions in 21 CFR Chapter I to administer the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act (as it applies to drugs, medical devices, or cosmetics) and the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act. Manufacturers, reprocessors, rebottlers, and repackagers who convey articles which are drugs, medical devices, or cosmetics should refer to 21 CFR Chapter I for packaging and labeling requirements.

§ 20.137 Penalties.

Violation of the requirements prescribed in §20.132 is punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000 and/or imprisonment for not more than 5 years for each offense. In addition, persons who manufacture (including reprocess), sell, or transport articles in violation of this part are liable for payment of a tax on the articles at the rate imposed by law on distilled spirits.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1314, as amended, 1402 (26 U.S.C. 5001, 5607))

Subpart H—Sale and Use of Completely Denatured Alcohol

§20.141 General.

(a) Each formula of completely denatured alcohol may be sold and used for any purpose, subject to the limitations in the formula prescribed in part 21 of